















WELCOME TO THE

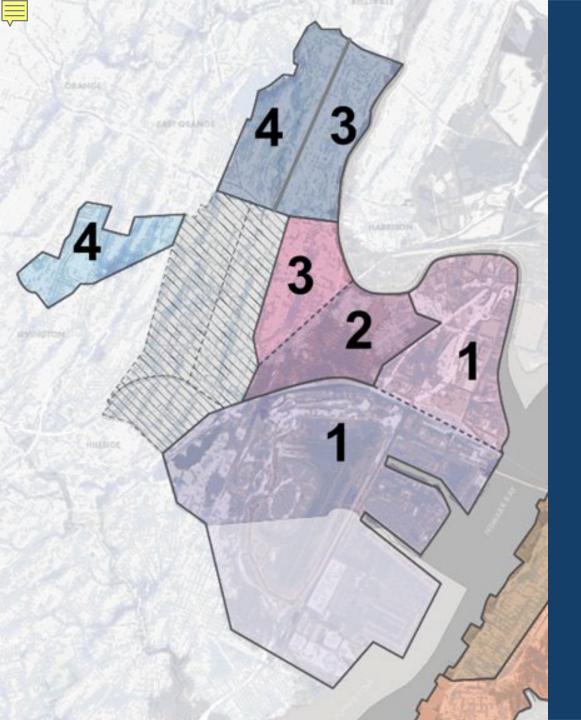
RESILIENT NORTHEASTERN NJ

BREAKOUT 2 - IRONBOUND

April 7, 2022 4:30 – 5:30 PM and 7 – 8 PM

If you are viewing on livestream and want to join the breakouts, please go to https://tinyurl.com/nenj-nwk-mtg





BREAKOUT 2 Ironbound



Community Meeting Guidelines

TO ENSURE THAT WE ARE ABLE TO MAXIMIZE OUR TIME TOGETHER AS A GROUP

- Please remain on mute unless speaking
- During the main presentation:
 - Please submit questions in the chat
 - Please turn off video to allow for ASL accessibility
- During the breakouts:
 - If you are able and willing to, please consider turning on your camera
 - Use one mic and stack
 - Acknowledge everyone's voice and time. If you find yourself speaking frequently, consider opening the floor to your group members. We look forward to hearing what everyone has to say!
 - Please speak from your own experience
 - If there are several group members with things to share, please use the 'raise hand' function, the chat, or gesticulating in Zoom and a facilitator will call on you
- Please save discussion for the breakouts and report out



Join the conversation!

Please use the chat function to ask questions as we go!

If the meeting abruptly ends, please be patient and re-join using the same Zoom link. You will also receive an email with the meeting link.





TOPICS

- What's important and at risk in this neighborhood?
- For each solution scenario:
 - Possible actions
 - How the area might change
 - Key considerations
 - What do you think?
- Discussion
 - Of everything we discuss, what is most important to advance?
 - What do you want to not happen?

All content working DRAFT for planning and discussion purposes



"We have tools and ideas, like a carpenter, but this is your house"

For this regional level plan, we have broken the community down into geographic areas. This means that there is nuance and community boundaries that might not always be honored. Let us know when we don't get it right.

AREA CONTEXT Desire to see more green space, trees, and green infrastructure Importance of neighborhood parks Treasured restaurants and shops Proximity of residential areas to industry is concerning RIVERBANK PARK for health and the environment Land Use Asset_Type SHARPE JAMES / KENNETH -- - Hurricane Evacuation Route Residential INDEPENDENCE A. GIBSON (IRONBOUND) RECREATION CENTER - - - Bus Routes High Density -- Light Rail/Commuter Rail Medium to Low Density (Single Unit) Child Care Centers Commercial & Industry Colleges Commercial/Services Combined Sewer Outfall Cultural Attractions MS EMS Industrial & Commercial Complexes Ferry Terminal Transportation, Services & Utilities Fire Stations Other Urban/Built-Up Land Gas Stations Natural & Open Space Hospitals/Medical Centers Landfill Mixed Forests Library Deciduous Forests Major Sports Venue AMTRAK Wetlands/Marshes HUNTER Municipal Building YARD Agriculture Nursing Homes Recreational Land Other Surface Discharge Open Field (< 25% Covered) Places of Worship Police Stations Phragmites Dominate Areas Power Generation Beaches Public Housing Rail Stations Schools Senior Housing Military Installations Shelters Transitional Areas Stormwater Discharge All content working DRAFT for planning and discussion purposes Wastewater Treatment

RISK CONTEXT Both rainfall flooding and coastal flooding can impact large swaths of this area. Tidal flooding shown here impacts fewer areas but would be at a nearly constant frequency. Parks, transportation infrastructure, homes, streets, and community buildings are all at risk. USPS VEHICLE HUNTER 2070 MODEL (HIGH TIDE + SLR STORM SURGE 2070 EXTENT (HURRICANE SANDY + SEA LEVEL RISE) AREAS OF OVERLAP SEA LEVEL RISE ----- 2070 MHHW + 2.4' SLR All content working DRAFT for planning and discussion purposes - 2070 MHHW + 5.0' SLR



SCENARIOS

The scenarios are not alternatives.

The action plan could be a combination of actions from the different scenarios.

Scenario 1

Individual Initiative

Scenario 2

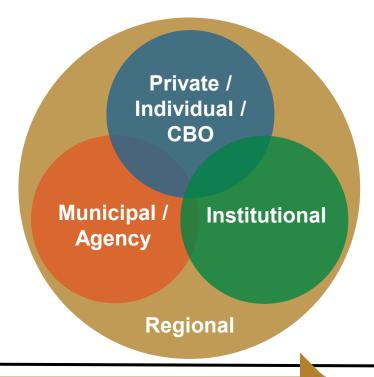
Shared Responsibility

Scenario 3

Regional Coordination







CBO's are community-based organizations

ENGAGEMENT WITH RESIDENTS AND OTHER STAKEHOLDERS ACROSS ALL



COASTAL PROTECTIONS

KEY CHANGES, SCENARIO 1 – INDIVIDUAL INITIATIVE



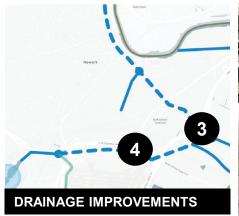
1. INDIVIDUAL BUILDING PROTECTIONS

Reading, United Kingdom



2. INLAND ROAD ELEVATION

Miami Beach, Florida





3. IMPROVED STORMWATER SURFACE CONVEYANCE

Waterplein Benthemplein Rotterdam, Netherlands



4. URBAN STORMWATER RETENTION PARKS

Venice Island Philadelphia





5. PERMEABLE PARKING SURFACES

TU Delft Netherlands



6. R.O.W GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE

Queens, New York City







OBJECTIVES, SCENARIO 1

Close infrastructure and topography gaps by advancing coastal protection plans such as the **COSTS USACE** Newark Flanking Plan and incorporating improvements to Riverfront Park.

KEY CONSIDERATIONS, SCENARIO 1

CONSTRUCTION TIME

IMPACT TO PUBLIC ACCESS & USE

PERMITTING

CONSTRUCTABILITY

LEVEL OF PROTECTION



ISSUES TO CONSIDER

Closing key flood pathways can be an extremely efficient method of providing protection from coastal surge **BUT** piecemeal protection can result in other areas becoming potential flood pathways.



Improve drainage along existing pathways, directing additional stormwater to the expanded interceptors as part of the LTCP.

CONSTRUCTION TIME

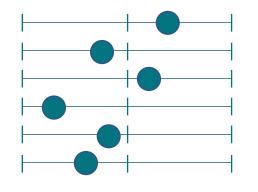
IMPACT TO PUBLIC ACCESS & USE

COSTS

PERMITTING

CONSTRUCTABILITY

LEVEL OF PROTECTION



Upgrades to the current system can be phased to facilitate construction and provide immediate benefit **BUT** upgrades to the existing system will not greatly expand the existing sewer capacity and could exceed treatment plant capacity.



Expand green infrastructure installations on public property targeting key primary corridors and lots with significant impervious area.

CONSTRUCTION TIME

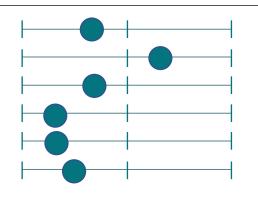
IMPACT TO PUBLIC ACCESS & USE

COSTS

PERMITTING

CONSTRUCTABILITY

LEVEL OF PROTECTION



Green infrastructure projects can treat stormwater at the source and add other benefits to the city **BUT** will compete with other needs in the public right of way and is limited in treating large storm events.







COASTAL PROTECTIONS

Policy based measures like trash clean-up & catch basin programs help with drainage efficiency while larger measures like a Municipal Stormwater utility increase resilience equity.

DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS



Measures like tree programs and Green Infrastructure requirements on public open-space are essential to meeting resilience goals in Scenario 1.

Policy based coastal

areas outside of

alignments.

measures are needed for

protections & for areas integrated with inland

NON-PHYSICAL SOLUTIONS, SCENARIO 1

OUTREACH. **POLICY & EDUCATION & GOVERNANCE CAPACITY BUILDING** Adopt ordinances to state City-led Flood models and guidance Management 101 Campaign Require GI on municipal properties Interdepartmental Coordination including Establish municipal Staff increase and stormwater utility municipal chief resilience officer Guidelines to facilitate stormwater projects on open space Promote & incorporate resident flood reporting Track and publish development & construction activities in a Outreach Ambassador publicly available place Program Expand state-managed Webpage on city website databases to provide

with ongoing resilience

and other projects

complete information on

resilience-related factors

SERVICE & PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT

Municipal trash clean-up / catch basin program & waste reduction campaign

Lean into tree canopy increase programs

Resilience hubs at cityagency properties

EMERGENCY RESPONSE & PREPAREDNESS

Engagement with
Emergency Managers
What went well during
Ida and recent storms?
What could be done
differently?

Recommendations incorporated into Action Plan What actions can be taken to improve in the future?

Data Request
What did the response to
Ida look like?









QUESTIONS TO CONSIDER

Which streets or city properties do you want to see transformed?

- What Greening projects would appeal to you most?
- Where would you like to see Resilience Hubs?

WHAT DO YOU **DISLIKE** ABOUT SCENARIO 1? WHAT DO YOU **LIKE** ABOUT SCENARIO 1?

KEY CHANGES, SCENARIO 2 – SHARED RESPONSIBILITY





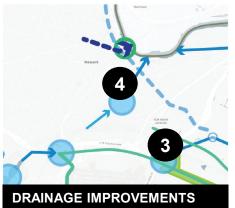
1. INDIVIDUAL BUILDING PROTECTIONS

Reading, United Kingdom



2. RAISED AND REINFORCED ROADWAY

Mount Cotton Road Queensland, Australia





3. URBAN STORMWATER RETENTION PARK

Qunli Stormwater Wetland Park Haerbin, China



4. BLUE & GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE INTEGRATED WITH ELEVATED HIGHWAY

Via Verde Mexico City





5. GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE ON PRIVATELY OWNED SPACES

First Avenue Water Plaza Manhattan, New York City



6. BLUE & GREEN ROOFS

Osbourne Association South Bronx, New York City







OBJECTIVES, SCENARIO 2

Tie in expanded barriers to the Newark Flanking Plan and Riverfront Park protection elements, extending across private property and property managed by other agencies.

KEY CONSIDERATIONS, SCENARIO 2

CONSTRUCTION TIME

IMPACT TO PUBLIC ACCESS & USE

COSTS

PERMITTING

CONSTRUCTABILITY

LEVEL OF PROTECTION



ISSUES TO CONSIDER

Expanding protection using existing corridors results in more comprehensive and cohesive protection **BUT** extending protection will require additional coordination with agencies and other property owners.



Consolidate drainage infrastructure to create new and expanded conveyance pathways, taking advantage of centralized retention areas and pump stations in conjunction with partners.

CONSTRUCTION TIME

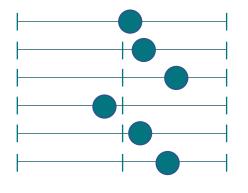
IMPACT TO PUBLIC ACCESS & USE

COSTS

PERMITTING

CONSTRUCTABILITY

LEVEL OF PROTECTION



Consolidating stormwater allows for more cost-effective storage and pumping solutions **BUT** requires significant investment and coordination before benefits can be realized.



Expand green infrastructure to secondary corridors and beyond public sites to incentivize additional GI on private properties. Target large parcels to implement regional GI practices.

CONSTRUCTION TIME

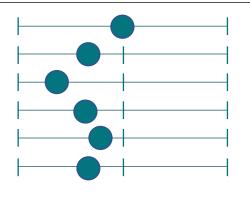
IMPACT TO PUBLIC ACCESS & USE

COSTS

PERMITTING

CONSTRUCTABILITY

LEVEL OF PROTECTION



Expanding GI to private properties provides broader watershed management **BUT** results in a greater number of assets that need to be inspected and maintained to provide protection.



COASTAL PROTECTIONS

NON-PHYSICAL SOLUTIONS, SCENARIO 2

Resilience advancements deepened through collaboration with community members, schools, and community-based organizations

Partnerships in composting and trash clean-up help reduce drainage system clogging



DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS

Public private partnerships expand green infrastructure benefits



POLICY & GOVERNANCE

Resilience leader outreach and training program

Flood overlay zone

Incorporate resilience into

Redevelopment Plans

Incentivize Green Infrastructure on private properties

Support/coordinate funding for key projects (e.g., transformation of contaminated sites)

Development of municipal or regional climate risk assessment and action plan for contaminated & remediated sites

Standardize process between municipal & infrastructure entities

SERVICE & PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT

Rain barrel distribution & guide for installation

Partner with non-profits to manage resilience hubs and offer climate related programming

Municipal composting program in partnership with housing complexes

Trash clean-up days and community gardens through partnerships

EMERGENCY RESPONSE & PREPAREDNESS

Engagement with Emergency Managers What went well during Ida and recent storms? What could be done differently?

Recommendations incorporated into Action Plan What actions can be taken to improve in the future?

Data Request What did the response to Ida look like?



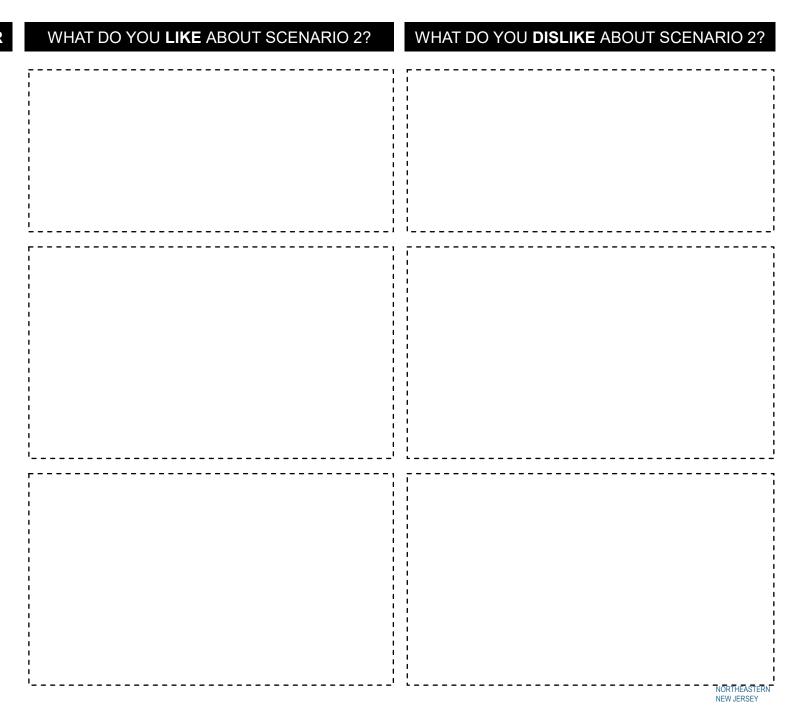






QUESTIONS TO CONSIDER

- Which streets or city properties do you want to see transformed?
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- Where would you like to see Resilience Hubs?



KEY CHANGES, SCENARIO 3 – REGIONAL COORDINATION





1. RIVERWALK WITH COASTAL PROTECTIONS

Newark Riverfront Park



2. FLOODABLE PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE

Domino Park Brooklyn, New York City





3. DEEP TUNNEL STORMWATER CONVEYANCE & STORAGE

DigIndy Indianapolis, Indiana



2. STORMWATER RETENTION AT COASTAL WETLAND

Hunter's Point Brooklyn, New York City





5. REGIONAL URBAN GREENWAY

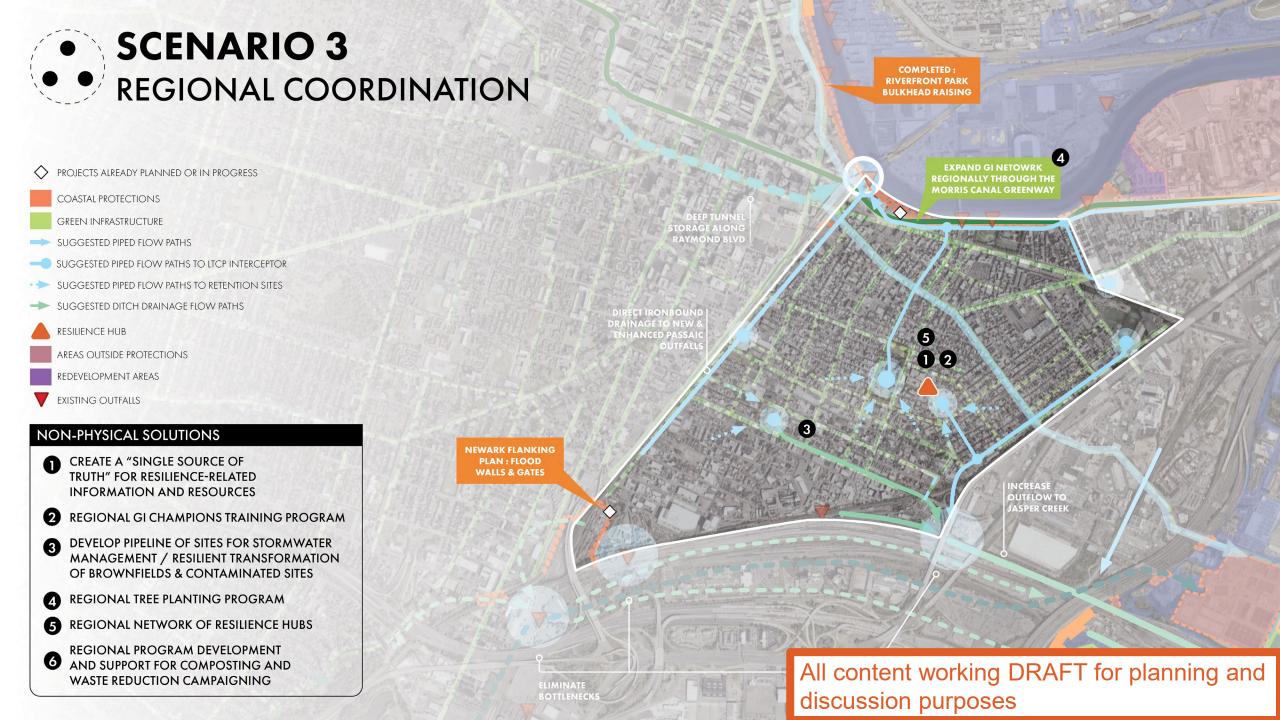
The BeltLine Atlanta, Gerogia



6. R.O.W GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE FOR STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

Swale on Yale Seattle, Washington







OBJECTIVES, SCENARIO 3

KEY CONSIDERATIONS, SCENARIO 3

ISSUES TO CONSIDER

Utilize existing highway infrastructure and public ROW to place a continuous barrier closer to the coast.

IMPACT TO PUBLIC ACCESS & USE

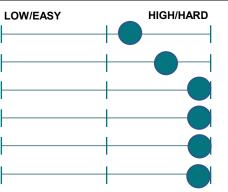
COSTS

PERMITTING

CONSTRUCTABILITY

CONSTRUCTION TIME

LEVEL OF PROTECTION



A continuous barrier can provide more reliable protection and protect more areas **BUT** would greatly impact the connectivity within those areas and would require significant coordination.



Drainage is integrated with greenway corridors & additional local detention and deep tunnel storage is incorporated in conjunction with consolidated conveyance and pumping.

CONSTRUCTION TIME

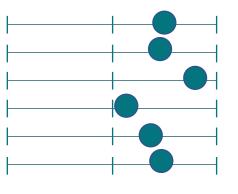
IMPACT TO PUBLIC ACCESS & USE

COSTS

PERMITTING

CONSTRUCTABILITY

LEVEL OF PROTECTION



Integrating additional storage further leverages the benefits of consolidating drainage infrastructure **BUT** will be considerably costly with limited co-benefits.



Build additional green infrastructure improvements into drainage corridors and other projects to promote a "dig once" approach.

CONSTRUCTION TIME

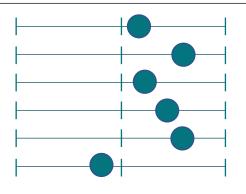
IMPACT TO PUBLIC ACCESS & USE

COSTS

PERMITTING

CONSTRUCTABILITY

LEVEL OF PROTECTION



Incorporating additional GI into drainage corridors and other projects improves costeffectiveness **BUT** requires conversion of existing uses to natural stormwater management.



Newark On None American COASTAL PROTECTIONS

NON-PHYSICAL SOLUTIONS, SCENARIO 3

Continuing and expanding the Resilient NENJ program could allow the region to learn from, build on, and advance work completed to date

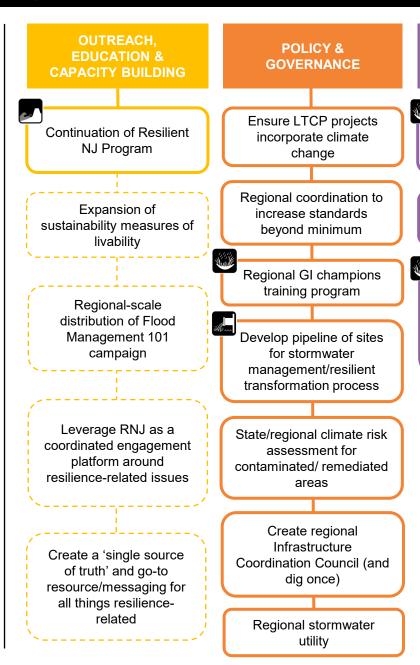


A regional infrastructure coordination council help maximize resilience in planned infrastructure improvements and limit disruption to communities

DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS



A regional network of resilience hubs could help CBOs and municipalities coordinate and share resources and information in times of disaster



SERVICE & PROGRAM
DEVELOPMENT

Regional tree planting program

Regional network of resilience hubs

Regional program

development and

support for composting

and waste reduction

campaigning

Recommendations incorporated into Action Plan What actions can be taken to improve in the

future?

EMERGENCY

RESPONSE &

PREPAREDNESS

Engagement with

Emergency Managers

What went well during

Ida and recent storms?

What could be done

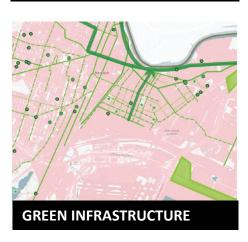
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WHAT DO YOU **LIKE** ABOUT SCENARIO 3?

see Resilience Hubs?

WHAT DO YOU **DISLIKE** ABOUT SCENARIO 3?

DISCUSSION & QUESTIONS

